

Are GMOs safe to eat? What happens when you exceed current inadequate safety requirements?

> Dr Judy Carman BSc (Hons), PhD, MPH, MPHAA Director, Institute of Health and Environmental Research, Australia

What happens when you exceed these inadequate methods?

Carman JA, Vlieger HR, Ver Steeg LJ, Sneller VE, Robinson GW, Clinch-Jones CA, Haynes JI, Edwards JW (2013).

A long-term toxicology study on pigs fed a combined genetically modified (GM) soy and GM maize diet.

Journal of Organic Systems 8 (1): 38-54. Open access full text: http://www.organic-systems.org/journal/81/8106.pdf

Why pigs?

Physiologically similar to humans, particularly digestive system Howard Vlieger: pigs in commercial production fed GM crops often have problems:

- Reproductive
- ← Digestive:

Inflammation in stomach or small intestine Thin intestinal wall \rightarrow rupture

Pigs

Commercial Yorkshire cross Just weaned Males neutered 3 days age 84 pigs per group Fed 23 weeks (commercial lifespan) Equal numbers male, female Individually ID by tattoo + ear tag Monitored daily, recorded





Feed

Mixed soy and corn diet – normal in US pig industry

Half of pigs fed a GM diet containing three GM genes (RR, MON863, MON 810) - commonly eaten in USA

Half fed substantially equivalent, non-GM crops grown from same area

No isogenic control possible for the GM corn

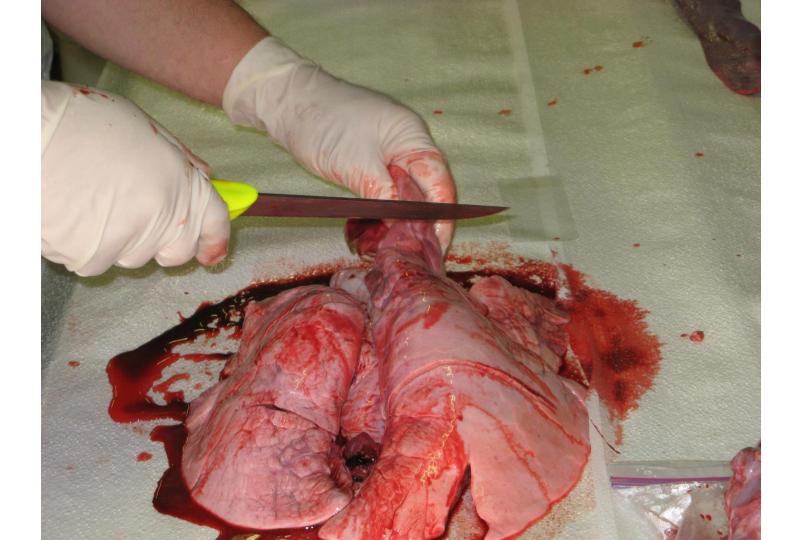
GM and non-GM crops processed on same equipment



Killed in abattoir Internal organs weighed Examined internally: kidneys, hearts, lungs, stomach Two blinded veterinarians







Uterus weights

25% higher in GM-fed pigs (p=0.025) Males were neutered at 3 days old

Stomach inflammation

Measured as nil, mild, moderate, severe by blinded veterinarians



Nil inflammation

(fed non-GM feed)



Mild inflammation

(fed non-GM feed)



Moderate inflammation (fed GM feed)



Severe inflammation

(fed GM feed)



Stomach inflammation results

The rate of severe stomach inflammation in GM-fed pigs compared to non-GM-fed pigs:
Overall 2.6 times more likely, p=0.004
In males – 4.0 times more likely, p=0.041
In females – 2.2 times more likely, p=0.034



Bt proteins are insecticides that rupture the gut of grubs GM maize used contained two Bt proteins in the diet. Act synergistically?

Blood biochemistry

Blood taken 2 days before autopsies No difference between GM and non-GM-fed pigs Standard biochemistry did not pick-up the stomach or uterus results

Pig study conclusions

A mixed GM soy and GM maize diet caused stomach and uterine pathologies in pigs.

Humans have a similar digestive tract to pigs.

lhanks! ANY QUESTIONS? You can find me at GMOJudyCarman.org 🔶 judycarman@ozemail.com.au Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra



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